THE STEPS OF SUCCESSFUL DELEGATION

1. DEFINE THE TASK

Confirm in your own mind that the task is suitable to be delegated. Does it meet the criteria for delegating?

2. SELECT THE INDIVIDUAL

What are your reasons for delegating to this person? What are they going to get out of it? What are you going to get out of it?

3. ASSESS ABILITY AND TRAINING NEEDS

Is the other person capable of doing the task? Do they understand what needs to be done? If not, you can't delegate.

4. EXPLAIN THE REASONS

You must explain why the job or responsibility is being delegated. And why to that person? What is its importance and relevance? Where does it fit in the overall scheme of things?

5. STATE REQUIRED RESULTS

What must be achieved? Clarify understanding by getting feedback from the other person. How will the task be measured? Where does it fit in the overall scheme of things?

6. CONSIDER RESOURCES REQUIRED

Discuss and agree on what is required to get the job done. Consider people, location, premises, equipment, money, materials other related activities and services.

7. AGREE ON DEADLINES AND GRANT AUTHORITY

When must the job be finished? Or, if an ongoing duty, when are the review dates? And if the task is complex and has parts or stages, what are the priorities?

At this point you may need to confirm understanding with the other person of the previous points, getting ideas and interpretation. As well as showing you that the job can be done, this helps to reinforce commitment.

Methods of checking and controlling must be agreed upon with the other person. Failing to agree in advance regarding authority will cause this monitoring to seem like interference or lack of trust.

8. SUPPORT AND COMMUNICATE

Think about who else needs to know what's going on, and inform them. Involve the other person in considering this so they can see beyond the issue at hand. Do not leave the person to inform your own peers of their new responsibility. Warn the person about any awkward matters of politics or protocol.

9. FEEDBACK ON RESULTS

It is essential to let the person know how they are doing, and whether they have achieved their goals. If not, you must review with them why things did not go to plan, and deal with the problems. You must absorb the consequences of failure, and pass on the credit for success.